Trained Supervisors Anglican Care Centre



Joyce Beehre



Sally Shepherd



Lyn Hutchinson



Jennie Gill

Whangarei Office

Monday to Friday 9.00am—5.00pm

After Hours by arrangement.

Costs \$90+GST / session *Invoiced to employer or paid at time of session.*

Our Supervisors are qualified Counsellors and hold certificates in Supervision.

We offer a confidential service in a Christian environment.

WHANGAREI ANGLICAN CARE TRUST

l Mill Road Regent Whangarei 0112

Phone: 09 437 6397 Email: enquiry@whgcare.org.nz Web: www.whgcare.org.nz

Charities Commission Reg: CC10599 May 2021



Clinical Supervision

Te Whare Oranga The House of Wellbeing

whgcare.org.nz

Definition and Purpose

How it helps

What to bring

"Intensive, interpersonally focused, one-to-one relationship in which one person is designated to facilitate the development of the professional competence in the other person." (Longanbill, Hardy & Delworth 1982 P4)

C linical Supervision involves providing a structured relationship where a person can reflect critically on his/her work with the assistance of a trained clinical supervisor.

The supervisor is a person who has sufficient self-awareness and inter-personal competence to be able to understand the 'working' world of the other, and to be able to help that person grow both as a person and as a practitioner.

The purpose of clinical supervision is to encourage safe, effective practice for clients while attending to the personal and professional well-being of the Supervisee.

Supervision offers an opportunity for accountability, reflection, a wider perspective and an extra resource for the supervisee's work.

- To provide regular opportunities to reflect on your work.
- To develop skills and strategies that allow you to be more effective in your role.
- To gain insight and understanding about why things turned out the way they did.
- To receive feedback on your actions/approach/behaviours.
- To gain access to other perspectives or viewpoints.
- To ensure you are not left alone to carry difficulties, problems etc as a result of the work that you do.
- To be validated and supported as a person and as a professional.
- To offload and express personal responses/feelings that arise as a result of your work.
- To plan and utilise personal and professional resources better.
- To be proactive rather than reactive.
- To check decisions and choices you have made.

- A situation which you could have managed more effectively.
- An incident that went unusually well or had a successful outcome.
- An incident or issue that you keep thinking about or has caused you to feel upset.
- People management issues (staff, clients, colleagues, managers etc).
- An incident or issue that is in process and could go one way or the other.
- A situation which is coming up and may be challenging.
- Planning and development issues or tasks.
- Decisions, ethical dilemmas or career choices.
- A theme or issue that is apparent in your work.
- Personal/professional interface issues stress management, balancing work and home life, assertiveness issues etc.